



# Youth Flag Football Rules 2011

## LEAGUE CLASSIFICATIONS

- A. Grade levels for league classifications (i.e.- K-1st, 2nd, 3rd-4th, 5th-6th) are for boys and girls in their grades as of the fall of the current school year.

## PLAYER SELECTION

- A. A team roster will consist of no more than 12 or 13 players. Players shall not be added by coaches! Players may register at the Lehi Legacy Center and be added to a team that has room. An official roster will be issued to each coach. Each player must be on the roster to be eligible for play.
- B. Players shall be placed on teams by the League Director, until all players are placed on a team. If there are not enough players to make up a complete roster, then late registering players will be added by the League Director until it is full.
- C. Each team is allowed one coach and one assistant coach. Other adults and parents may help with team practices and fill in at games during the absence of a coach or assistant coach.
- D. **For the K -2<sup>nd</sup> grade leagues coaches are required to rotate offensive positions for players at least every 4 plays so that each child can play a variety of positions.**

## THE GAME

- A. The game shall be played by a **seven-man team**. At least **four offensive players** must be within **one yard** of the line of scrimmage at the snap. These four players must be within 5 yards of the ball laterally and all offensive players must be **set for at least one second** prior to the center snap. Instead of the ball carrier being tackled or tagged, a ball carrier is downed when a flag is pulled from his belt.
- B. The field is divided into three or four equal zones. The field distance will vary depending on age division. A team will be given four downs to move the ball across the next zone line. When the zone line is crossed, a new series of four downs will again be awarded.
- C. If the offensive team fails to advance the ball to the next zone in four downs, they shall lose possession of the ball to their opponents at the spot where the ball is declared dead after four downs. A zone line may be passed only once during a series of plays to constitute a first down.
- D. Goal lines for each team shall be established at opposite ends of the field and each team shall be allowed opportunities to advance the ball across their opponent's goal line by running or passing it.
- E. Each coach will designate to the referee a team captain. The captain will speak for his team in all dealings with the officials. A captain's first choice on any option shall stand.
- F. Players, substitutes, coaches, and other team representatives are subject to the rules and shall be

governed by the decisions of the officials.

### STARTING THE GAME

- A. Each half starts with a kickoff. Before game time, the referee shall toss a coin with the two team captains, after first designating which captain will call the toss.
- B. The captain winning the toss shall choose one of the following options:
  - 1. To kickoff
  - 2. To receive
  - 3. To designate which goal his team will defend

Teams **will not** be allowed to defer.

- C. The loser of the toss shall make his choice of the remaining options. At the start of the second half, the choosing of options shall be reversed.

### PLAYING TIME

- A. All Leagues - two, running 20 minute halves.

For the 3<sup>rd</sup> - 6<sup>th</sup> grades, the clock is stopped only for time outs and emergencies. The clock will be stopped for all dead ball situations during the last **1 minute** of the game. **This does not apply to the K -2<sup>nd</sup> grade leagues.**

- B. A five minute rest period between halves will be allowed. The referee will notify the coaches when two minutes remain before the half and end of the game.
- C. The official game time shall be kept on a stop watch operated by an official on the field.

### TIME OUTS

- A. Two (2) timeouts are allowed per team, each half. After a team has used its time outs, they cannot take another. Time outs cannot be carried-over.
- B. A requested time out by a team shall not exceed two minutes. Emergency timeouts for injury may extend longer if the referee deems it necessary.

### ILLEGAL DELAY OF GAME

- A. For the 3<sup>rd</sup> - 6<sup>th</sup> grades, the ball must be put into play within **25 seconds** after it is declared ready for play by the referee. Any action or inaction by either team which tends to prevent this is illegal delay of the game. This includes:
  - 1. Interrupting a 25 second count for any reason except calling a time out.
  - 2. Using more than 25 seconds in putting the ball into play.

3. Failing to remove an injured player for whose benefit an excess timeout has been granted.
4. Deliberately advancing the ball after it has been declared dead or ready for play.
5. The referee may order the game clock stopped or started if, in his opinion, either team is trying to conserve or consume playing time by tactics obviously unfair. **In all cases**, penalty: 5 yards

**For the K - 2<sup>nd</sup> grades there will be a 60 second (1 minute) count. This will give coaches more time to call a quality play and to prepare the team to execute it.**

#### SUBSTITUTIONS

- A. Free substitutions shall be used at all times. **Every player must play a minimum of one half (50%) of every game.**
- B. No substitute shall enter during a down. Any number of eligible substitutes may replace players as long as it is done before the ball becomes live. Exiting players must be off the field.
- C. No substitute shall become a player and then withdraw and no player shall withdraw and then re-enter as a substitute until one play has expired.
- D. Each substitute shall be in uniform ready for play with flags in position as directed. Penalty: 5 yards for substitution infractions.

#### EQUIPMENT

- A. Teams should have jerseys of the same color worn by players. Jerseys must be tucked-in to the pants or shorts. Jewelry of any kind is not permitted.
- B. Players wearing glasses may wear protection shields.
- C. Use of all-purpose athletic shoes is optional. Said shoes must meet the following specifications:
  1. The cleat must be molded to the sole; detachable cleats are illegal.
  2. The sole must be constructed of rubber or plastic. No metal cleats. Tennis or gym shoes may also be worn.
  3. No open-toed shoes. Bare feet or stocking feet will not be allowed.
- D. Each player on the field will wear a belt with three (3) flags attached. These will be provided by Lehi City Recreation.
- E. Wrapping, tying, or in any way securing flag belts to the uniform other than the prescribed rule is illegal. Penalty: 10 yards.

#### DEFINITIONS AND RULES OF BALL CARRIER

- A. The ball carrier is a player in possession of a live ball trying to advance the ball.

- B. The ball carrier shall not lower his head and deliberately drive or run into a defensive player. This is running over. The carrier shall try to avoid this by agility rather than power.

**Note:** Officials, in judging “running over,” will keep in mind the charging rule as applied in basketball. A ball carrier shall not charge into nor contact an opponent in his path or attempt to run between two opponents or between an opponent and a boundary unless the space is such as to provide a reasonable chance for him to go through without contact. If a ball carrier passes an opponent to have his head and shoulders in advance of the opponent, the greater responsibility for contact is on the opponent. If a ball carrier in his progress has established a straight line path, the carrier must avoid contact by changing directions or ending his forward motion. Penalty: 10 yards. Flagrant offenders may be disqualified.

- C. The ball carrier cannot protect his flags by blocking, guarding, hacking, or holding flags with arms or hands so his opponent cannot pull or remove his flag. Penalty: 5 yards from point.
- D. The ball carrier may not hurdle or jump over a player who is standing on his feet. He may jump over a player who is lying on the ground. Penalty: 10 yards from point.

#### SPINNING

- A. The ball carrier **may** spin for unlimited number of times.

#### REMOVING THE FLAG

- A. When the flag is cleanly taken from a ball carrier, the down shall end and the ball is dead. Upon removing the flag, the defender shall hold the flag above his head to assist the referee in locating the spot of capture.
- B. In an attempt to remove a flag from the ball carrier, a defensive player **may** use his hands on the body and shoulders of an opponent but not on his face or head. A defender **may not** hold, push, or knock down the ball carrier to get his flag. Penalty: 10 yards from spot and automatic 1st down.
- C. The flag may be dropped at the spot of capture without a penalty.
- D. **All player shirts or jerseys must be tucked inside their pants** so the belt holding the flags can be worn at the waist and can be clearly seen by the opponents and referee. Failure to comply after one warning will result in a 5 yard penalty.

**NOTE:** This rule should be interpreted as follows: If an infraction is noticed before a snap, the referee shall warn or penalize the offending team as stated above. When a down is in progress, if for any reason (loose clothing, lost flag, etc.) it becomes difficult or impossible to pull the flags, a tag on the ball carrier anywhere with one hand shall take the place of a pulled flag.

#### LIVE BALL

- A. A live ball is a term which indicates that the ball is in play.

- B. After being declared ready for play by the referee, the ball becomes a live ball when it is snapped or free kicked, legally or illegally.

### DEAD BALL

- A. A live ball becomes dead and the referee sounds his whistle under the following incidences:

1. When it goes out of bounds or when it touches the goal line (vertical plane) or the ball carrier's opponents.
2. When any part of the ball carrier's person **other than his hand or foot** touches the ground.
3. When a touchdown, a touchback, safety, or successful try for point is made.
4. When, during a try for point, the defending team obtains possession of the ball or when it becomes certain the try will not score a point.
5. When a player of the kicking team catches or touches any kick, or when the kicked ball comes to rest on the ground without any player touching it.
6. When a forward pass hits the ground or is caught simultaneously by opposing players.
7. When a lateral or backward pass, or a fumble hits the ground.  
**NOTE:** Any fumbled ball that touches the ground is dead and possession of the ball belongs to the team which had it at the time of the snap, unless it is lost on number of downs.
8. When a legal forward pass is caught by the offensive team on or behind his opponent's goal line. It is also dead if a defender catches a pass in the end zone and elects not to run it out.
9. When a ball carrier has a flag removed legally by a defensive player.
10. Any type of kicked ball in the end zone will be a dead ball.
11. **Exceptions to the dead ball rule are:**
  - A. When the ball touches the ground behind the line of scrimmage, before the official allows the defense to rush the quarterback in which case, the offense may pick the ball up and continue play.
  - B. On a scrimmage kick, if the ball touches the ground before a punt attempt, the ball may be picked up and punted.

### SCRIMMAGE LINE

- A. All plays from scrimmage must be started by a legal snap. The ball **must be** passed from between the legs of the center to a teammate. Penalty: 5 yards, down remains the same.
- B. For the K - 2<sup>nd</sup> grades, the quarterback **may** begin the play with the ball in his/her hand. The quarterback may choose where to stand in the backfield. When the quarterback is ready, he/she will yell hike or hutt. The play will begin on the **first sound** from the quarterback's mouth (i.e. no ready, hike or hutt, hutt, hutt). This rule change will eliminate the muffed snaps and will give the quarterback more time to focus on the play. The quarterback can hand the ball off, run the ball himself, or pass the ball from his position. A dropped snap will be result in a loss of down.
- C. Before the ball is snapped:
1. After taking his hiking position, the center cannot move or change position of the ball in a manner simulating the beginning of a play until he snaps the ball. An infraction of this may be called whether or not the ball is snapped. Any contact by a defensive player on such will be nullified.

2. After the ball is ready for play and before it is snapped, no defensive player can touch the ball or contact an offensive player.
3. No offensive player shall make a false start. An infraction of such will be treated the same as faking a snap (Refer to #1).
4. In a snap preceded by a huddle or shift, all offensive players must come to a complete stop and hold stationary for one full second before the ball is snapped. This means feet, hands, arms, legs, body, and head. Penalty: 5 yards, down remains the same.

D. When the ball is snapped:

1. At least four offensive players must be on their line of scrimmage. The ball may be snapped to any one of the remaining three backfield men as long as it goes between the legs of the center and the signal caller is between two backfield players.
2. All players must be in bounds. Only the center may be crouched on the neutral zone over the ball. The rest of the line must be at least 12 inches behind the ball.
3. One offensive backfield player may be in motion but not toward his opponent's goal line. All other offensive players must be set before this player may go in motion.
4. No offensive player while on his scrimmage line may receive a snap. Penalty: 5 yards, down remains the same.
5. **3 Second Delay- Officials will silently count to 3 and then say "Rush" before any defensive players will be allowed to rush across the Line of Scrimmage.**

#### HANDLING THE BALL FORWARD AND BACKWARD

A. No player may hand the ball forward except as follows:

1. An offensive player who is behind his scrimmage line may hand the ball forward to a backfield teammate who is also behind that line.
2. To a teammate who was on his scrimmage line when the ball was snapped provided that teammate left his line position and was at least one yard behind his scrimmage line when he received the ball. Penalty: 5 yards and loss of down.

B. A ball carrier may hand the ball backward at any time.

#### FORWARD PASS

A. A forward pass is a live ball thrown toward the opponent's line.

B. All offensive players are eligible to receive a pass.

C. Only one forward pass beyond the line of scrimmage is allowed. The passer must be behind the line of scrimmage when the ball is thrown. Penalty: 5 yards from the spot and loss of down.

#### ILLEGAL FORWARD PASS

A. A forward pass is illegal:

1. If a passer is beyond the line of scrimmage when the ball is thrown.

2. If thrown after team possession has changed during a down.
3. If more than one forward pass beyond the line of scrimmage is made.
4. If the ball is intentionally thrown to the ground or out of bounds. Penalty: 5 yards from spot and loss of down.
5. **Spiking the ball is not allowed and will not stop the clock.**

#### BACKWARD PASS

- A. A backward pass is a live ball thrown toward one's own end zone or parallel to the passer's line of scrimmage.
- B. The ball may be passed backward at any time by the ball carrier except if intentionally thrown out of bounds. **Penalty:** 5 yards from spot **and** loss of down.

#### COMPLETED PASS

- A. A forward and backward pass is completed when caught by any player of the passing team who is inbounds with **one** foot. The ball is live and play continues by advancing the ball.
- B. If the pass is caught simultaneously by opponents, the ball is dead and belongs to the passing team at the spot of the catch.

#### INCOMPLETE PASS

- A. A forward and backward pass is incomplete when the ball touches the ground or goes out of bounds.
- B. It is incomplete also when a player jumps from inbounds and catches the pass but lands on or outside a boundary line.
- C. An incomplete forward pass belongs to the passing team at the previous line of scrimmage.
- D. An incomplete backwards pass belongs to the passing team **at the spot** the ball hits the ground.

#### INELIGIBLE RECEIVER

- A. A player who goes out of bounds during a passing down, loses his eligibility until the ball has been touched by an opponent. Penalty: Loss of down at previous spot.

#### PASS INTERFERENCE

- A. Contact by a player which interferes with an eligible receiver who is beyond the of line scrimmage during a legal forward pass is pass interference unless it occurs:
  1. When two or more players are making a simultaneous and bonafide attempt to reach, catch, or bat the pass.
  2. When a defender contacts an opponent before the pass is thrown.
- B. Forward pass interference regulations are effective whether or not the pass crosses the scrimmage line.

- C. Interference beyond the line of scrimmage is prohibited by the offensive team from the time the ball is snapped until the pass is touched by any player.
- D. Interference by the defensive team is prohibited from the time the pass is thrown until it is touched by any player. Penalty: Interference by offense - 10 yards from scrimmage and loss of down. Interference by defense - **point of foul and automatic first down.**

#### INTERCEPTION

- A. A catch of an opponents pass before it hits the ground is an interception and may be advanced.

#### FUMBLE

- A. A fumble which touches the ground between goal lines is dead and belongs to the offensive team unless lost on downs. A centered ball is dead as soon as it touches the ground.
- B. On a punt or kick off that has been touched and then touches the ground, the ball is dead at the point it touches the ground. Player's may have one muff, but the ball is dead the second time it hits the ground.
- C. A fumble may be caught in flight before hitting the ground and can be advanced.

#### KICK OFF

- A. A kick off is a free kick which starts each half. Punting on kick off is not permitted.
- B. Kick offs shall be from the kicking team's "20 yard" line. No on-side kicks are allowed: If the ball is touched by the kicking team before the receiving team, the ball is dead and will be played from that point by the receiving team.
- C. The receiving team must have five players within 5 yards of their own "20 yard" line. The remaining players must remain behind the midfield line.
- D. If the ball goes out of bounds on a kick off, a re-kick will be used. Penalty: 5 yards.
- E. A kick off going into the end zone will be put in play from the receiving team's "20 yard" line.

#### PUNTING

- A. A punt is kicking the ball by the player who drops the ball and kicks it before it strikes the ground.
- B. There are no quick kicks. If a team desires to punt, they must announce the kick before the ball is ready for play. Penalty: 5 yards.
- C. Both teams must maintain four players on the line of scrimmage. All players must remain frozen until the ball is kicked. Penalty: 5 yards.
- D. The punter may be at least 5 yards behind the line of scrimmage when receiving the center snap or he may take a direct snap from the center. He must then kick the ball immediately in a continuous motion



from behind his center.

- E. If penalties during a kick cause the ball to go over a first down line, the ball remains to the offensive team with a first down.
- F. On a replay of a kick due to penalties, the offensive team must re-announce their intention to kick if going to kick.
- G. A punt that goes out of bounds is dead and will be put into play in the center of the field parallel to where it went out.
- H. A punt that comes to rest untouched in fair territory is dead and will be put into play at that point by the receiving team.

#### KICK OFF AND PUNT RECEPTION

- A. If a kick off or a punt is caught by a player of the receiving team, or picked up cleanly after hitting the ground, being untouched, the ball continues in play and can be advanced.
- B. A player of the receiving team who has an opportunity to catch a kick off or punt in flight must be given an unencumbered opportunity to catch said kick. At the point of touching the ball, then the defense may grab flags. Penalty: 10 yards from point of infraction and receiving team's ball.

#### OFFSIDE

- A. Offside denotes the position of a player, offense or defense, who has any part of his person beyond the scrimmage line at the time the ball is put into play.
- B. If the kicking or the receiving team is offside, the ball is kicked over if the penalty is accepted.

#### BLOCKING

- A. Blocking is legally obstructing an opponent by contacting him with the blocker's body.
- B. In all instances, a blocker must be on his feet during a block. If after the block, the blocker's body momentum causes him to fall or leave his feet, the referee, at his discretion, may rule it incidental to the block and not illegal.
- C. Hands, arms and elbows must be next to the body, either above or below the waist. The hands and forearms must be kept below the shoulders of the opponent during the entire block. Penalty: 10 yards.

#### DEFENSIVE USE OF HANDS

- A. **Defensive players may not use their hands to push or pull an opponent to the side in an attempt to get at the ball carrier. They must avoid contact!** They may use their hands for protection in warding off an opponent or to keep their balance.

#### OFFENSIVE USE OF HANDS

- A. The ball carrier shall not grasp a teammate or be grasped, pulled or lifted from the ground by a teammate. Penalty: 10 yards from spot and loss of down.
- B. The offensive team shall be prohibited from obstructing an opponent with extended hands or arms. This includes “stiff arm.” Penalty: 10 yards from spot and loss of down.
- C. There shall be no interlocking interference or blocking. Penalty: 10 yards from spot and loss of down.

#### TRIPPING

- A. Tripping is using the lower leg or foot to obstruct or trip an opponent. This includes the ball carrier. Penalty: 10 yards from spot **and** 1st down.

#### TACKLING

- A. Tackling is grasping or encircling an opponent with the hand or arm. Penalty: **10 yards from spot and first down.**
- B. It is illegal to tackle, trip, push, hold, hack, stiff arm, or rough another player.  
**NOTE:** Referee will enforce pushing the ball carrier out of bounds. Penalty: 10 yards from spot and 1st down.
- C. If a defensive player tackles or trips a ball carrier who, in the judgement of the referee had an open field for a touchdown, a **touchdown will be awarded** the ball carrier.

#### HUDDLE

- A. A huddle is the offensive and/or defensive players grouped together after the ball is ready for play and before assuming scrimmage formation prior to the snap.

#### SCORING

- A. A touchdown will be worth six points. The ball must completely cross the plane of the end zone while still in-bounds to be counted as a touchdown.
- B. After a touchdown is scored the team who just scored will have the option to go for one or two points. If a team chooses to go for one point they will begin at the 5 yard line (half-way between the front of the end zone and the first 10 yard line). If a team chooses to go for two point they will begin at the 10 yard line (the first line after the front of the end zone).

#### HIDEOUTS

- A. A hideout is a player who is trying to conceal himself or be concealed by teammates on or off the field. **No** hideouts (sleepers) will be permitted.
- B. All players must break from the huddle and assume their position on the line or backfield.
- C. When no huddle is used, all players being substituted for must exit immediately with the substitute taking the proper position.
- D. All players not in the game being on the sideline must be behind the sideline in their proper zone.
- E. Penalty for hideouts: 10 yards from scrimmage and play called back.

### SAFETY

- A. A safety is when the ball becomes dead in the offensive team's own end zone by cause of the defense.
- B. If during a scrimmage play, the ball becomes dead in the offensive team's end zone (pulled flag, fumble, out of bounds, or any manner or part of the play), a safety shall be called.
- C. After a safety is scored, the offensive team will kick off from their "20 yard" line. This can be from the ground, a tee, or a punt.

### TOUCHBACK

- A. A touchback is a result of the ball crossing the end zone line because of a kick off, punt or intercepted pass in which the receiver elects to not run out of the end zone.
- B. After a touchback is declared, the ball shall belong to the defending team (team of defense prior to play) at its own "20 yard" line.

### PENALTY CLARIFICATION

- A. A penalty is completed when it is accepted, declined, or canceled according to rule. **Any penalty may be declined**; however, a disqualified player on such penalty, if enforced, must leave the game.
- B. A penalty which occurs simultaneously with a snap or free kick (punt or kick off) is considered as occurring during that down.
- C. When two or more penalties by the same team occur on one play, the referee will explain the penalties to the captain of the offended team who may elect only one of these penalties.
- D. After a penalty that leaves the ball in possession of the offense beyond its line-to-gain, the down and distance established by that penalty shall be first down with next zone to gain.
- E. If a penalty involves a loss of down, the down shall count as one of the series of four.
- F. Offsetting penalties are penalties committed by both teams on a said play. If such penalties are reported by the referee while the ball is ready for play or during the down, the penalties cancel each other and the down is replayed.
- G. When team possession changes during a down (interception, punt) and neither team committed a penalty prior to but after exchanged possession, the down and distance established by that penalty shall be first down with zone to gain by the team which established last possession.
- H. If a penalty occurs before a change of team possession, the ball belongs to team A (offense) and the down repeated unless the ball rests beyond the line-to-gain. Exception: If offense commits the penalty, the defense may refuse and keep the ball or have offense replay the down.
- I. During a try for extra point, if a distance penalty occurs by team B (defense) on a successful try, team A (offense) shall have the option of declining the score and repeat the try following enforcement of

penalty or accepting the score with enforcement of penalty from the spot of the next kick off. If offense commits the penalty, the down is repeated.

#### LINE BUCKS

- A. A line buck is handing the ball off within one yard of the center. No running plays within one yard of either side of the center will be permitted unless it has been preceded by a distinct lateral pass. A hand-off is not a pass. Penalty: 10 yards.

## CONDUCT OF PLAYERS

#### FLAGRANT FOULS

- A. Whenever, in the referee's judgement, the following acts are deliberate or flagrant, the players involved will be suspended from the game:
1. Using fists, kicking, or kneeling.
  2. Using locked hand, elbows, forearm or hands except according to rule.
  3. Tackling or tripping the ball carrier.
  4. Any other deliberate or flagrant act that could cause injury.

#### UNSPORTSMANLIKE CONDUCT

- A. The referee may bar a player, manager, or coach for the entire game for unsportsmanlike conduct, abusive language, profanity, or talking back at any time. ***Penalty: half the distance to goal from the line of scrimmage.***
- B. Unsportsmanlike conduct by players, substitutes, and coaches or others subject to rules is prohibited. Unsportsmanlike conduct includes:
1. Acts of unfair play.
  2. Managers, coaches, or others on the field of play at any time without permission.
  3. Interference of coaches, players, or others of any nature with the progress of the game.
  4. Using a hide out play.
  5. The punter delaying his kick.
  6. Attempting to substitute a suspended player.
  7. Pulling or removing a flag of an offensive player by a defender as the ball is snapped with the intent of making the offensive player ineligible to become a pass receiver or ball carrier.

Penalty: 10 yards; offender may be disqualified.

PERSONAL FOUL

A. Any act prohibited hereunder or any act of unnecessary roughness is a personal foul.

1. No player shall block in a manner that would cause his feet, knees, or legs to strike an opponent.  
All blocking shall be done with the feet in contact with the ground.
2. No high-low blocking.
3. No tripping or clipping.
4. No hurdling.
5. No unnecessary roughness of any nature.
6. No running over by the ball carrier.

The official, the site supervisor, and the League Director reserve the right to expel any coach, manager, or player from further participation in the program for any action that they deem not in keeping with the rules or the philosophy of the department.

## QUICK GUIDE TO PENALTIES

### DEAD BALL FOULS (WHISTLE)

1. ENCROACHMENT - DEFENSE.....5 YD.
2. PROCEDURE - OFFENSE.....5 YD.
3. DELAY - EITHER.....5 YD.
4. PERSONAL FOULS.....10 YD.

### LOSS OF DOWN

1. INTENTIONAL GROUNDING..... 5 YD. - SPOT
2. OFFENSIVE PASS INTERFERENCE.....10 YD. - PREVIOUS SPOT
3. ILLEGAL FORWARD PASS.....5 YD. - SPOT
4. HAND OFF TO LINEMAN.....5 YD. - PREVIOUS SPOT
5. PLAYER OUT OF BOUNDS.....10 YD. - PREVIOUS SPOT
6. ILLEGAL USE OF HANDS.....10 YD. - SPOT
7. CLIPPING.....10 YD. - SPOT
8. JUMPING AND HURDLING.....10 YD. - SPOT
9. RUNNING OVER.....10 YD. - SPOT

### AUTOMATIC FIRST DOWN

1. DEFENSIVE PASS INTERFERENCE.....10 YD. - PREVIOUS SPOT
2. DEFENSIVE HOLDING.....10 YD. - PREVIOUS SPOT
3. TRIPPING.....10 YD. - SPOT
4. DEFENSIVE TACKLING.....10 YD. - SPOT
5. DEFENSIVE PUSH OUT OF BOUNDS.....10 YD. - SPOT

### PERSONAL FOULS

1. ILLEGAL BLOCK.....10 YD. - SPOT
2. HIDEOUTS.....10 YD. - PREVIOUS SPOT
3. LINE BLOCK.....10 YD. - SPOT
4. UNSPORTSMANLIKE CONDUCT.....15 YD. - PREVIOUS SPOT
5. PROTECTING FLAGS.....5 YD. - SPOT